



October 10th, 2019

OPHTHAMOLOGY INNOVATION SUMMIT @ AAO

Innovating Transformative Therapies

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Developing Next-Generation Medicines to Improve the Lives of Patients with Immune-Mediated Diseases



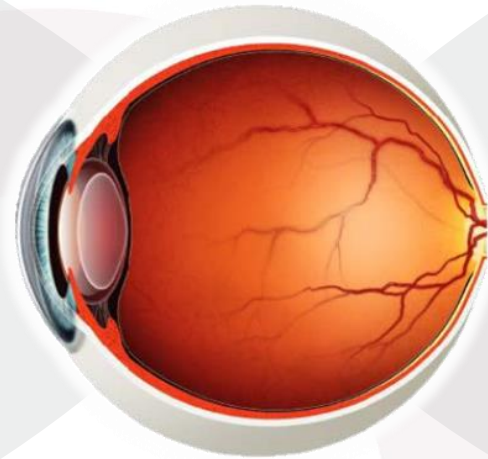
Novel Ocular Phase 3 Programs Targeting Unmet Medical Needs

Anterior Innovation

Reproxalap 0.25%

Dry Eye Disease

Allergic Conjunctivitis



Posterior Innovation

ADX-2191

Proliferative
Vitreoretinopathy



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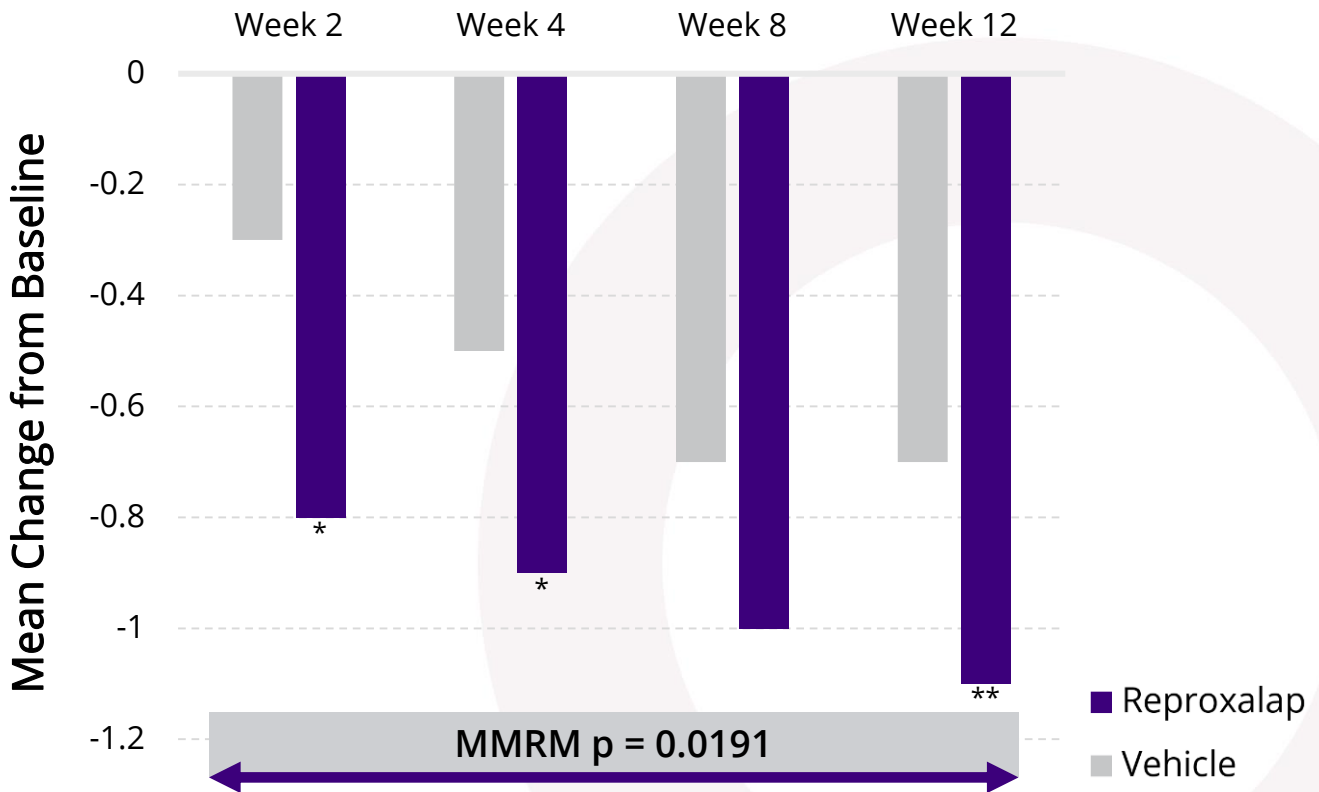
Reproxalap 0.25% Dry Eye Disease

Nasdaq: ALDX
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Phase 3 Dry Eye Disease Symptom and Sign Endpoints Achieved in Phase 2b Clinical Trial

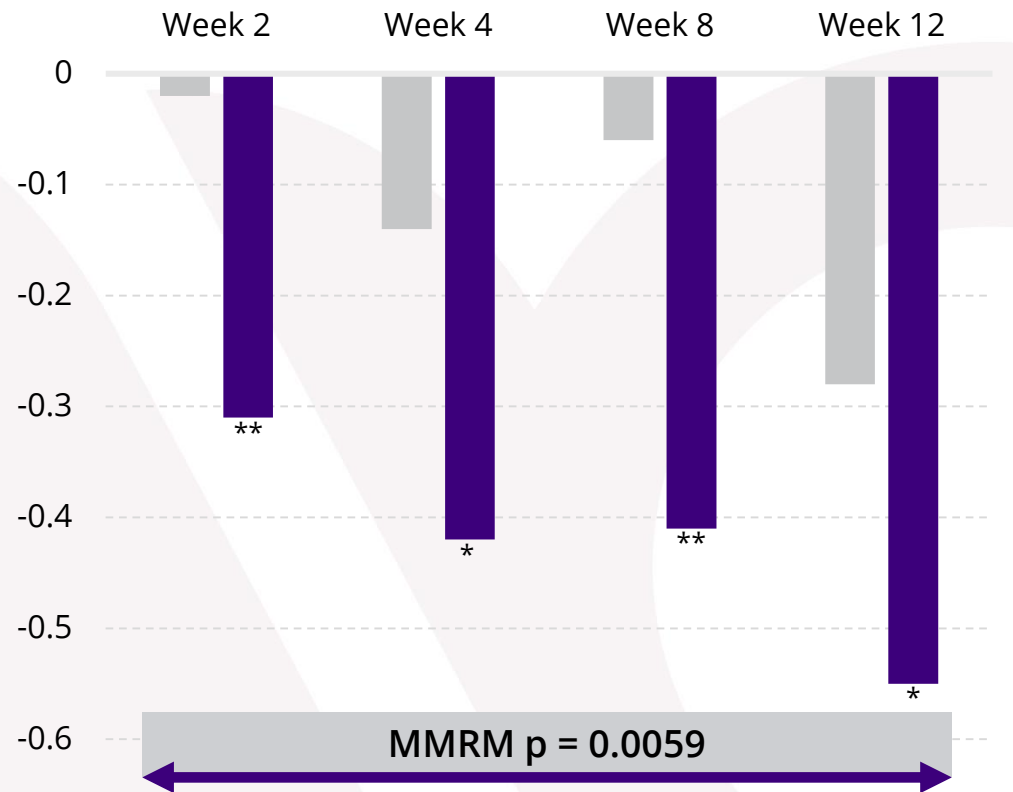
Primary Symptom Endpoint for Phase 3

OD & 4-Symptom Questionnaire: Dryness (0-5)
 Baseline Score ≥ 3 (N=69 | 69)



Primary Sign Endpoint for Phase 3

Fluorescein Staining: Nasal (0-4)
 Baseline Score ≥ 2 (N=62 | 56)



Topical ocular reproxalap has been studied in over 800 patients thus far with no observed safety concerns reported; mild instillation site irritation is the most commonly reported adverse event in clinical trials.
 Source: Reproxalap 0.25% DED Phase 2b clinical trial results; p values shown represent reproxalap effect vs vehicle.

*p<0.05 **p<0.01
 OD = Ocular Discomfort
 MMRM = Mixed Effect Model Repeated Measures (across 12 weeks)

Broad Drug Activity Across All Measured Dry Eye Disease Symptoms and Signs in Phase 2b Clinical Trial

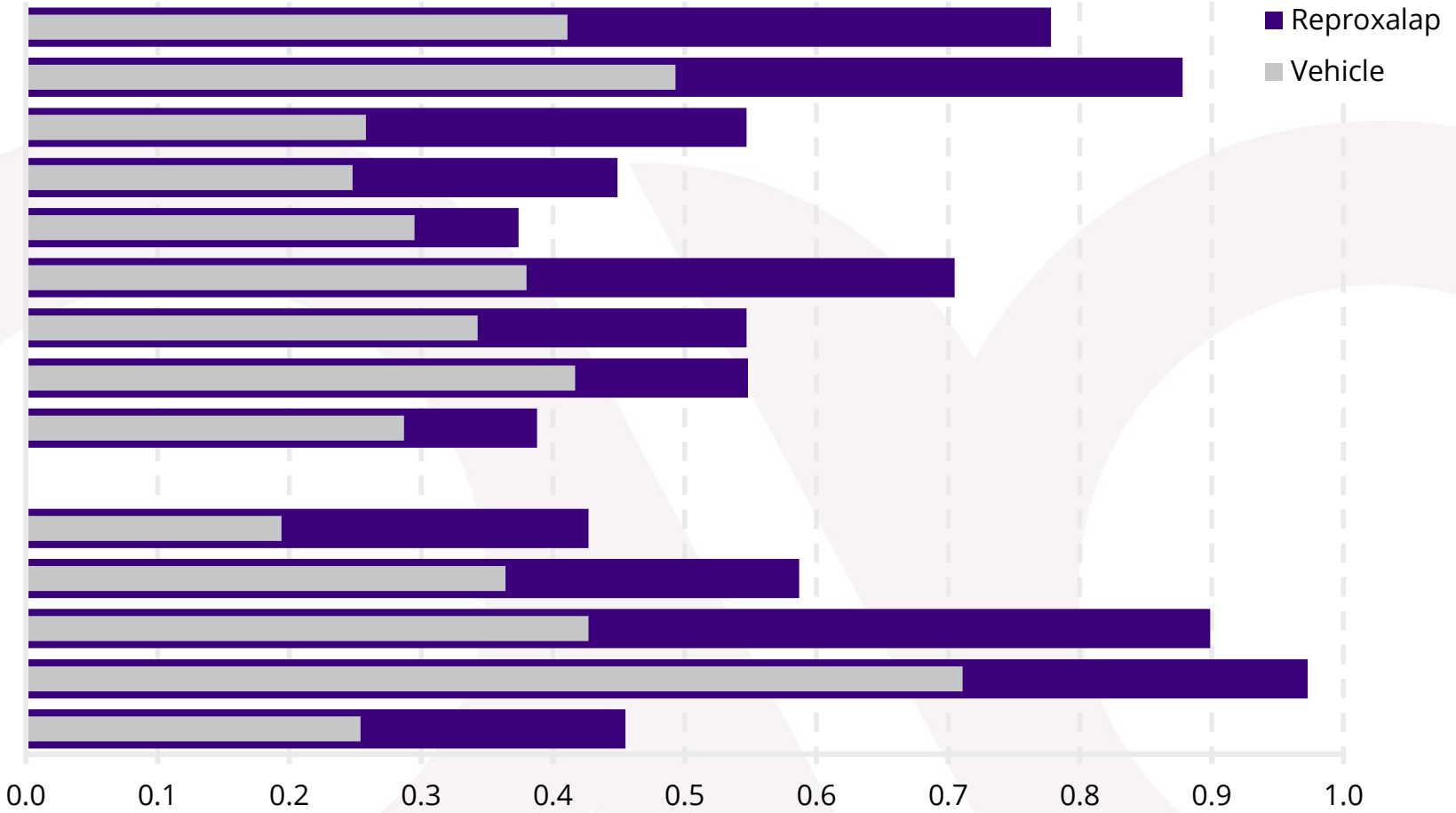
Improvement Effect Size at Week 12

Dry Eye Disease Symptoms

- 4-Symptom: Ocular Discomfort
- 4-Symptom: Dryness
- 4-Symptom: Grittiness
- 4-Symptom: Stinging
- 4-Symptom: Burning
- SANDE: Severity
- SANDE: Frequency
- Ocular Discomfort Scale
- Ocular Surface Disease Index

Dry Eye Disease Signs

- Fluorescein Stain (Nasal)
- Lissamine Green Stain (Nasal)
- Schirmer's Test
- Tear Film Break-Up Time
- Osmolarity



Average improvement effect size across both eyes for Schirmer's Test, Tear Film Break-Up Time, and Osmolarity. Topical ocular reproxalap has been studied in over 800 patients thus far with no observed safety concerns reported; mild instillation site irritation is the most commonly reported adverse event in clinical trials.

SANDE = Symptom Assessment in Dry Eye
 Improvement Effect size = Change from Baseline / Standard Deviation at Baseline
 Source: Reproxalap 0.25% DED Phase 2b clinical trial results

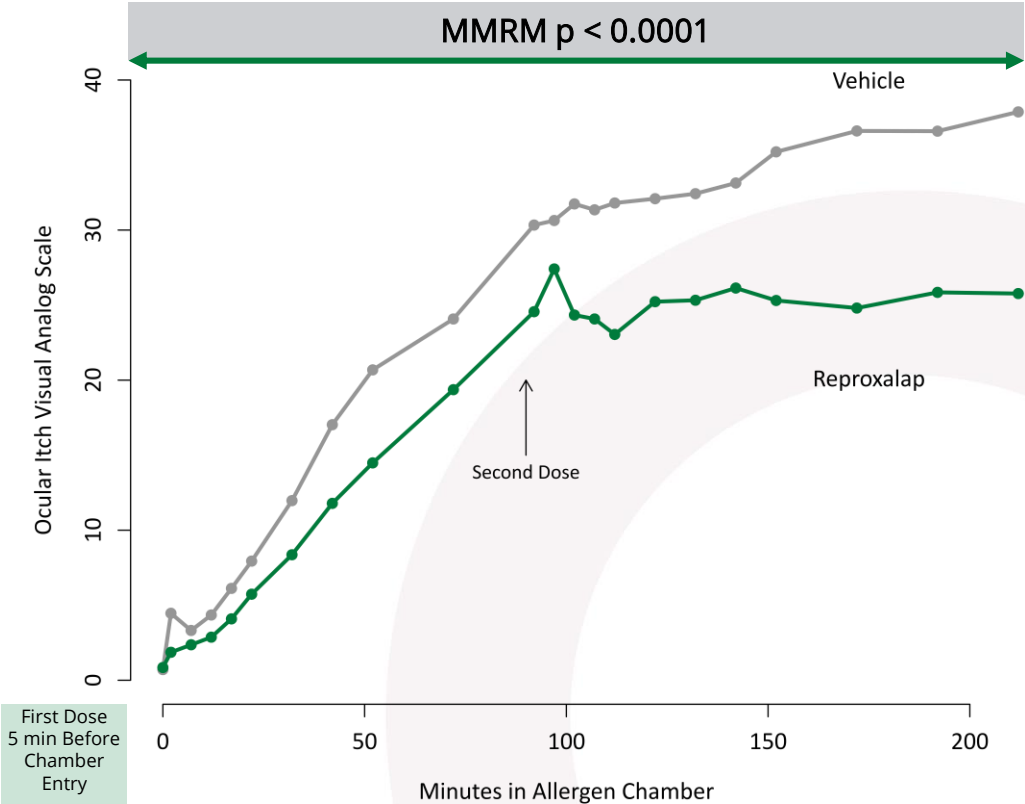


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Reproxalap 0.25% Allergic Conjunctivitis

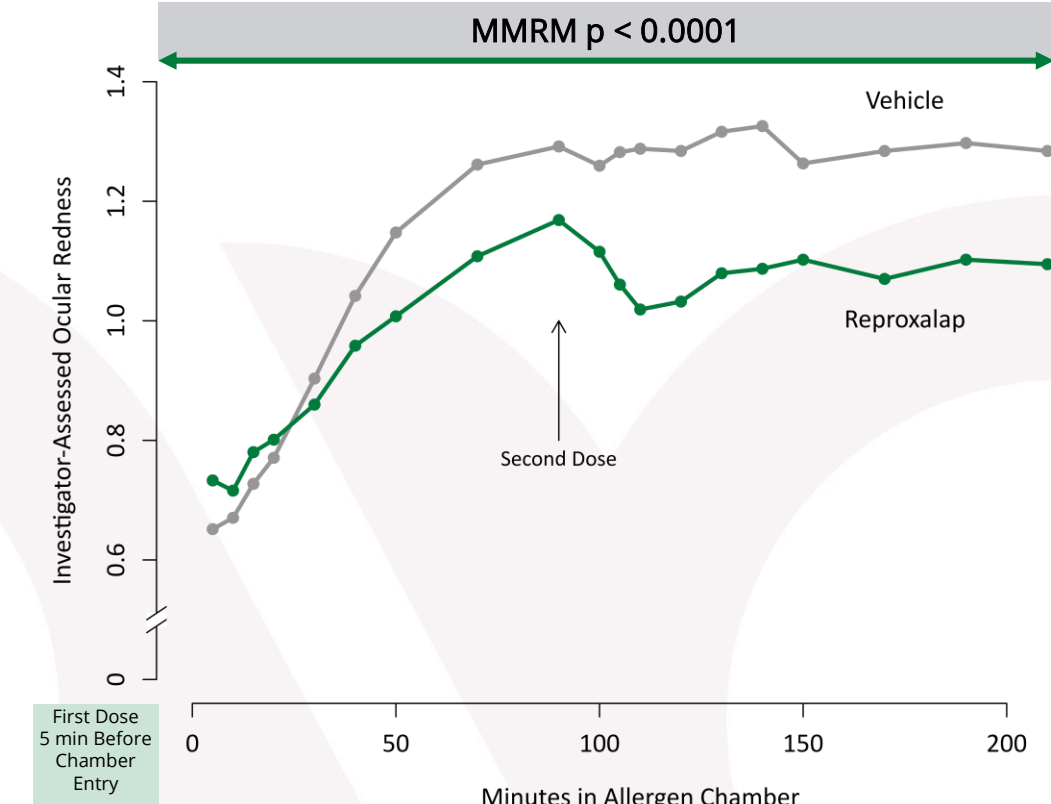
Durable Reduction in Ocular Itch and Redness in Allergen Chamber Clinical Trial

Ocular Itch Score (0-100) During 3.5 Hours of Allergen Exposure



Statistically significant reduction in ocular itch vs. vehicle for more than three hours of exposure to allergen

Ocular Redness Score (0-4) During 3.5 Hours of Allergen Exposure



Statistically significant reduction in ocular redness vs. vehicle for more than three hours of exposure to allergen



Topical ocular reproxalap has been studied in over 800 patients thus far with no observed safety concerns reported; mild instillation site irritation is the most commonly reported adverse event in clinical trials.
 Source: Aldeyra Therapeutics methodology development clinical trial (reproxalap 0.25%; ClinicalTrials.gov #NCT03709121); n=66

MMRM = Mixed Effect Model Repeated Measures



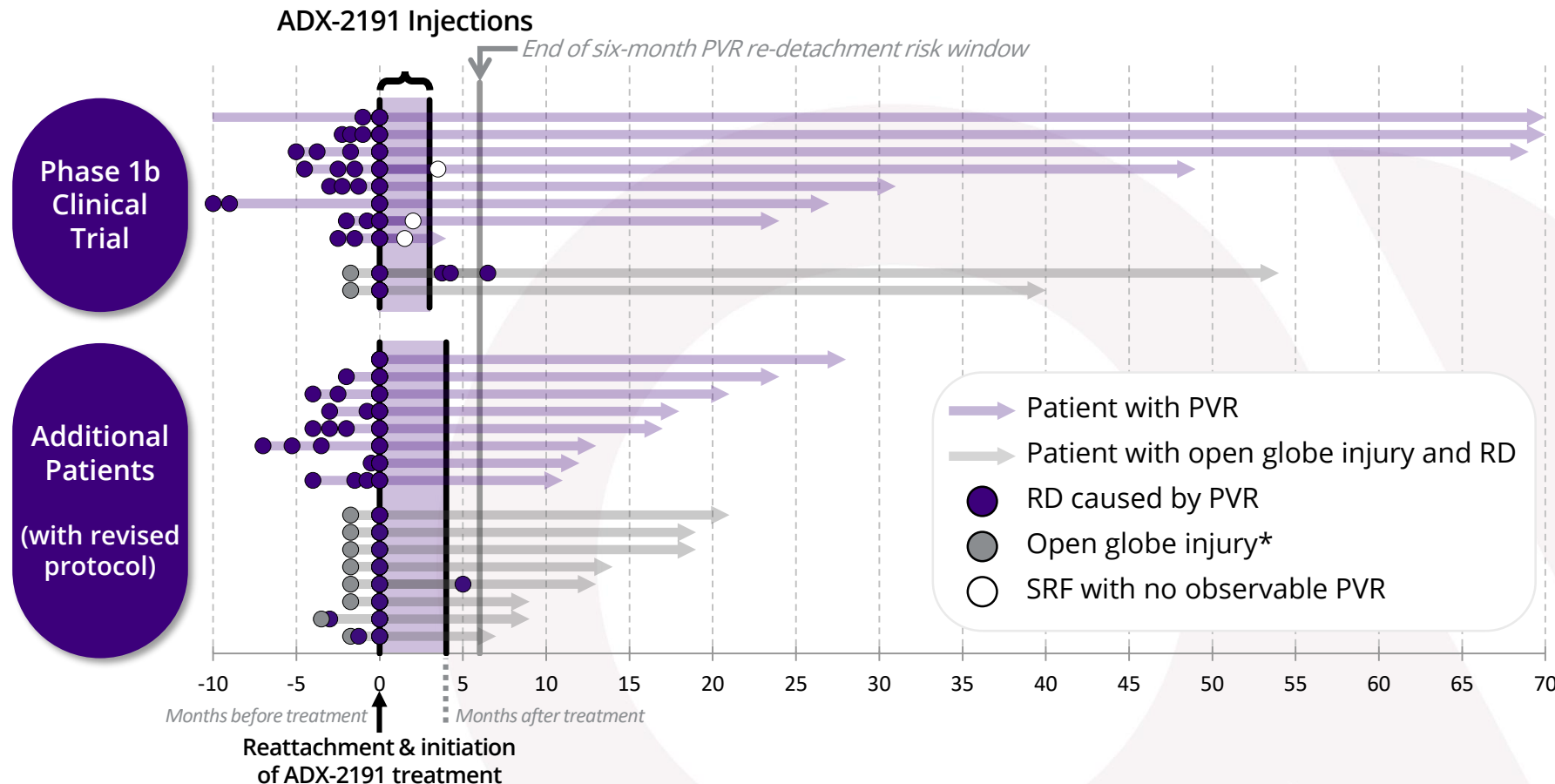
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ADX-2191

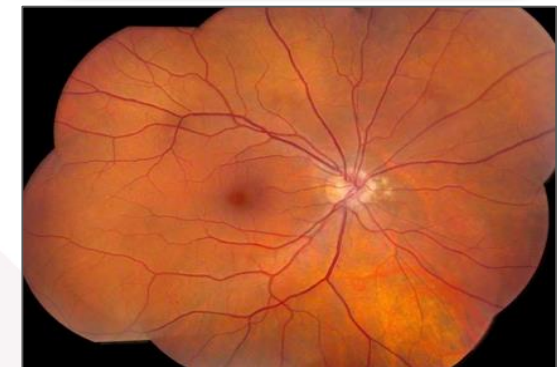
Proliferative Vitreoretinopathy

Reduced Recurrent Retinal Detachment in Investigator Sponsored Phase 1b Clinical Trial and in Additional In-Practice Use

Retinal Detachments Over Time by Patient



Normal Retina



Retinal Detachment Due to PVR



*Timing of open globe injury as shown is estimated. Typically 6-8 weeks prior to reattachment & initiation of ADX-2191. There is no assurance that prior results, such as signals of safety, activity or durability of effect, observed from this open label investigator sponsored trial will be replicated in more rigorous trials involving ADX-2191. Source: ADX-2191 PVR Phase 1b investigator sponsored clinical trial (n=10) results and additional in-practice use (n=16)

RD = Retinal detachment
PVR = Proliferative vitreoretinopathy
SRF = Subretinal fluid

A New Paradigm for the Treatment of Ocular Diseases

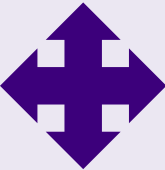
- Upcoming Phase 3 Clinical Milestones

Dry Eye Disease

Reproxalap 0.25%



Early and consistent symptom and sign improvements in Phase 2b clinical trial



Broad symptom and sign improvements in Phase 2b clinical trial

**RENEW Phase 3 – Part 1
Results Q4 2019**

Allergic Conjunctivitis

Reproxalap 0.25%



Clinically significant and durable symptom response in allergen chamber trial



Active in post-histaminic allergy, for which no drug is approved

**Allergen Chamber Phase 3
Design Confirmation Q4 2019**

Proliferative Vitreoretinopathy

ADX-2191



Potential therapeutic breakthrough for PVR
✓ U.S. orphan designation
✓ FDA fast track designation



Reattachment success and tolerability demonstrated in Phase 1b clinical trial*

**GUARD Phase 3 - Part 1
Initiation Q4 2019**



A New Paradigm for the Treatment of Ocular Diseases